

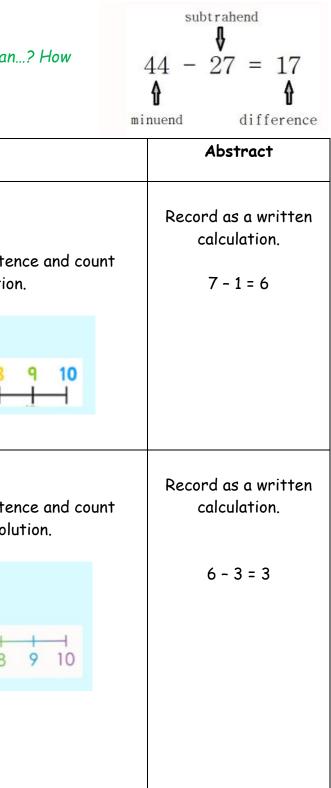
Foundation Stage

Key Vocabulary: take away, difference between, how many are left/ left over? How many are gone?, one less, two less, ten less. How many fewer is...than...? How much less is...? minuend, subtrahend, difference.

Counting fluency: To count forwards and backwards in steps of 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

Objective & Strategy	Concrete	Pictorial
	Use physical objects to find the solution by taking away one object from the whole.	Can you find one less than the number?
To find one less than a number.	Convey find one loss than the number?	<u>Modelled on a number line</u>
number.	Can you find one less than the number?	Circle the biggest number in the number senter back one on the number line to find the solutio
		One less than 7
	Can you find can you find one less?	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
Subtract two single digit numbers.	Use a range of physical objects, including number beads. Children will find the solution by making the number first then removing several objects from the whole.	<u>Modelled on a number line</u> Circle the biggest number in the number senter back in ones on the number line to find the solu
	6 - 3 = 3	6-3 =3







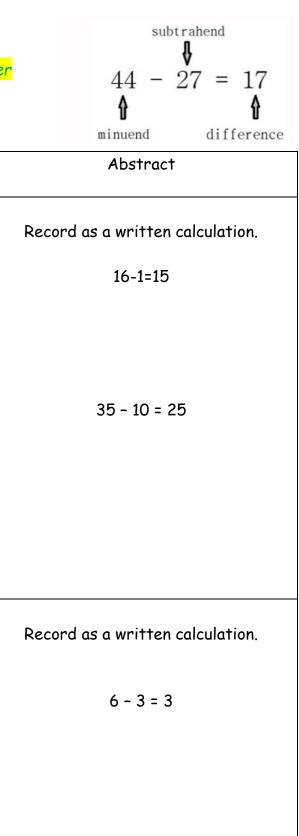
<u>Year 1</u>

Key Vocabulary: subtract, take away, difference between, how many are left/ left over? How many are gone? One less, two less, ten less. How many fewer is...than...? How much less is...? minuend, subtrahend, difference.

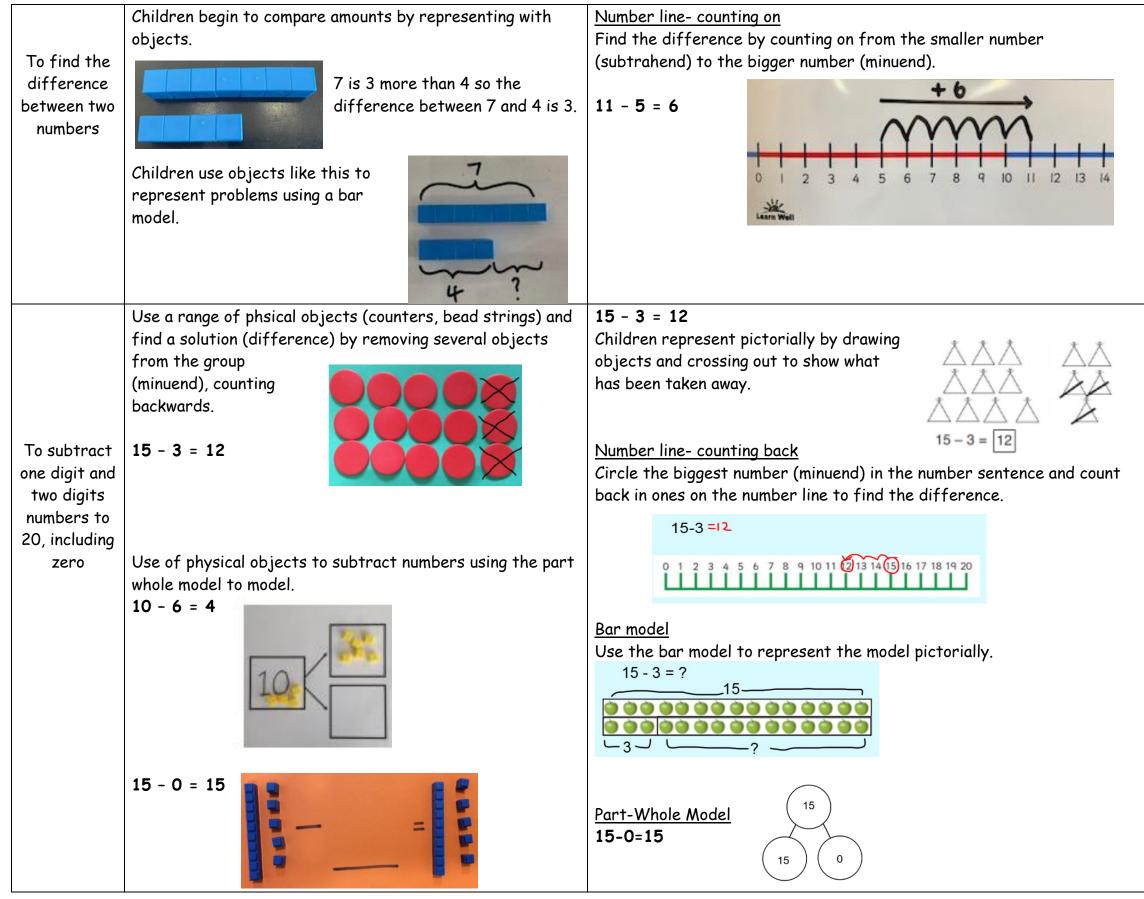
Counting fluency: To count forwards and backwards in steps of 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

Objective & Strategy	Concrete	Pictorial
To find one less than a number.	Modelled using counters One less than 16 Use physical objects and find the solution (difference) by taking away one object from the group (minuend), counting backwards.	Number line Circle the biggest number (minuend) in the number sentence and count back one (subtrahend) on the number line to find the solution (difference). 16-1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
To find ten	<u>Modelled using Base 10</u> Ten less than 35	
less than a number.	Step 1- Make the number (minuend) using base 10 or concrete resources.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	Step 2- Take 10 (subtrahend) away. Step 3- Calculate the final answer by counting how many are left (difference).	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 Step 2- Count back 10 (subtrahend). Step 3- The tenth number you land on is your answer (difference) e.g. 25
Subtract two single digit	Use a range of physical objects, including number beads. Children will find the solution (difference) by making the number (minuend) first then removing several objects from the whole. 6 - 3 = 3	<u>Modelled on a number line</u> Circle the biggest number (minuend) in the number sentence and count back in ones (subtrahend) on the number line to find the solution (difference).
numbers.		6-3 =3

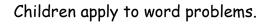




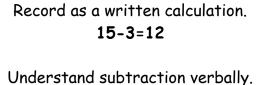






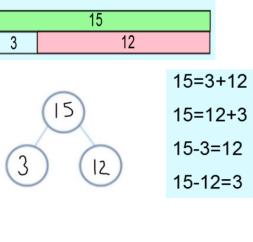


Hannah has 12 sweets and her sister has 5 sweets. How many more sweets does Hannah have than her sister?



Put 15 in your head, count back 3, what number are you at?

Use the bar model or part whole model to find all related addition and subtraction facts



Record as a written calculation. 15 - 0 = 15



To subtract	Modelled using Uni-fix/Multi-link cubes	Modelled using the tens frame
ones from 10 or 20	 10 - 3 = 7 Step 1 - Make the bigger number (minuend). Step 2 - take away the smaller number (subtrahend). Step 3 - count how many are left to find out the difference. 	Using a tens frame or pictorial representations, children will count out 10 or 20 counters/pictorial representations and either take them away or cross them out. 10 - 3 = 7 Image: Second Seco
	Modelled using Base 10	<u>Modelled using a pictorial representation</u> 20 - 6 = 14
	20-6= 14 Make the number sentence using Base 10. To find the difference, exchange one ten for 10 ones and subtract the smaller number (subtrahend). Add up how much is left to find the difference.	



Record as a written calculation. 10 - 3 = 7 20 - 6 = 14



<u>Year 2</u>

<u>Key Vocabulary:</u> subtract, take away, difference between, how many are left/ left over? How many are gone? one less, two less, ten less, hundred less. How many fewer is...than...? How much less is...? tens boundary, minuend, subtrahend, difference.

Counting fluency: To count forwards and backwards in steps of 2s, 3s, 4s, 5s and 10s.

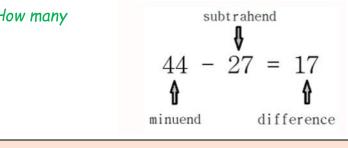
<u>Mental strategies</u>

Skill	Strategy
To subtract 9 to a 2-	54-9 Make the number with base ten equipment, then subtract 10. You then need to add 1 because 9 is actually one less than 1
digit number by	begin to do this mentally without equipment. E.G. For 54 - 9 you would first subtract 10, 54-10 = 44 then adjust by addin
adjusting.	

Year 2 Calculation Methods

Objective & Strategy	Concrete	Pictorial	
To regroup a ten in	Use base 10 to show how to exchange a ten into ten ones in order to subtract the ones.	Children represent pictorially by drawing objects in groups of ten and crossing out to show what has been	R
to ten ones.	20 - 4= 16	taken away. 20 - 4 = 16 000000000000000000000000000000000000	
To subtract numbers	Use the base ten to represent the numbers (minuend)	Modelled using a number line or 100 square	Use of a writt
using objects,	then use knowledge of exchanging tens for ten ones to	Count back from largest (minuend) to smallest	Record by dra
pictures and	subtract the subtrahend.	(subtrahend) number to find the difference.	up from the si
mentally including: -a 2-digit number	34-9= 25	34-9=25 23 24 25 26 27 28 24 30 31 32 33 34 3	number. Childr and then the rest.
and ones -a 2-digit number and tens	45-20= 25	45-20=25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
-two 2-digit numbers	93-76= 17	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 10 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 93-76=17 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 59 66 76 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 64 85 86 67 88 89 90 91 92 63 94 95 96 97 98 99 100	





n 10 (this is called adjusting). Children will ding 1, 44 + 1=45 so 54 - 9 = 45.

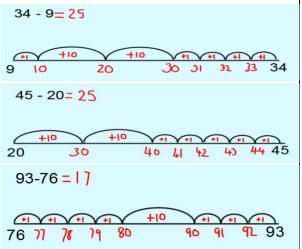
Abstract

Record as a written calculation.

20-4=16

tten method

rawing their own number line. Children count smallest (subtrahend) to largest (minuend) ldren would first count on to the next ten





	Use base 10 to make the number (minuend). Take away the ones then the tens to find the difference.	Children draw pictorial representations and cross off the ones then the tens.	Formal Writte Partition each
To use partitioning to subtract two digit numbers.	43 - 21 = 22 Tens Ones Tens Ones Tens Ones	43-21 = 22 $\frac{45}{29}$ Tens 10 nes 16 $\frac{29}{10}$ Tens 10 nes $\frac{29}{10}$ Tens 10 nes $\frac{10}{10}$ Tens 10 nes	(subtrahend) f with the ones. 43- 21 = 22
To use partitioning to subtract two digit numbers with regrouping.	Use base 10 to make the number (minuend) then regroup by exchanging a ten for ten ones where necessary so that you can subtract the subtrahend. 45-29= 16 The second secon	Children draw pictorial representations to show the exchanging/regrouping in order to find how many are left. 45 - 29 = 16	Formal Writte Partition each (subtrahend) f with the ones. to find the sole 45 - 29 = 16
To subtract tens from the tens number up to 100.	Modelled using Base 10 80 - 30 = 50 Use Base 10 to make the number (minuend). Then take away the number of tens (subtrahend) required and regroup to find the difference.	Modelled using pictorial representations of Base 10 80 - 30 = 50 Image: Children would cross out how many tens they are subtracting and count how many they have left to find the difference.	R
To subtract tens from a 2-digit number	Modelled using Base 10 58 - 20 = 28	Modelled using pictorial representations of Base 10 58 - 20 = 28	R
	Use Base 10 to make the number (minuend). Then take away the number of tens (subtrahend) required and regroup to find the difference.	Children would cross out how many tens they are subtracting and count how many they have left to find the difference.	



<u>ten Method</u>

h number then subtract the bottom number) from the top number (minuend), starting s.

43 = 40 + 3 $\frac{21 = 20 + 1}{20 + 2} = 22$

<u>ten Method</u>

ch number then subtract the bottom number) from the top number (minuend), starting s. Exchange tens for ones then recombine solution.

$45 = \frac{30}{40} + \frac{15}{5}$
29 = 20 + 9
10 +6 =16

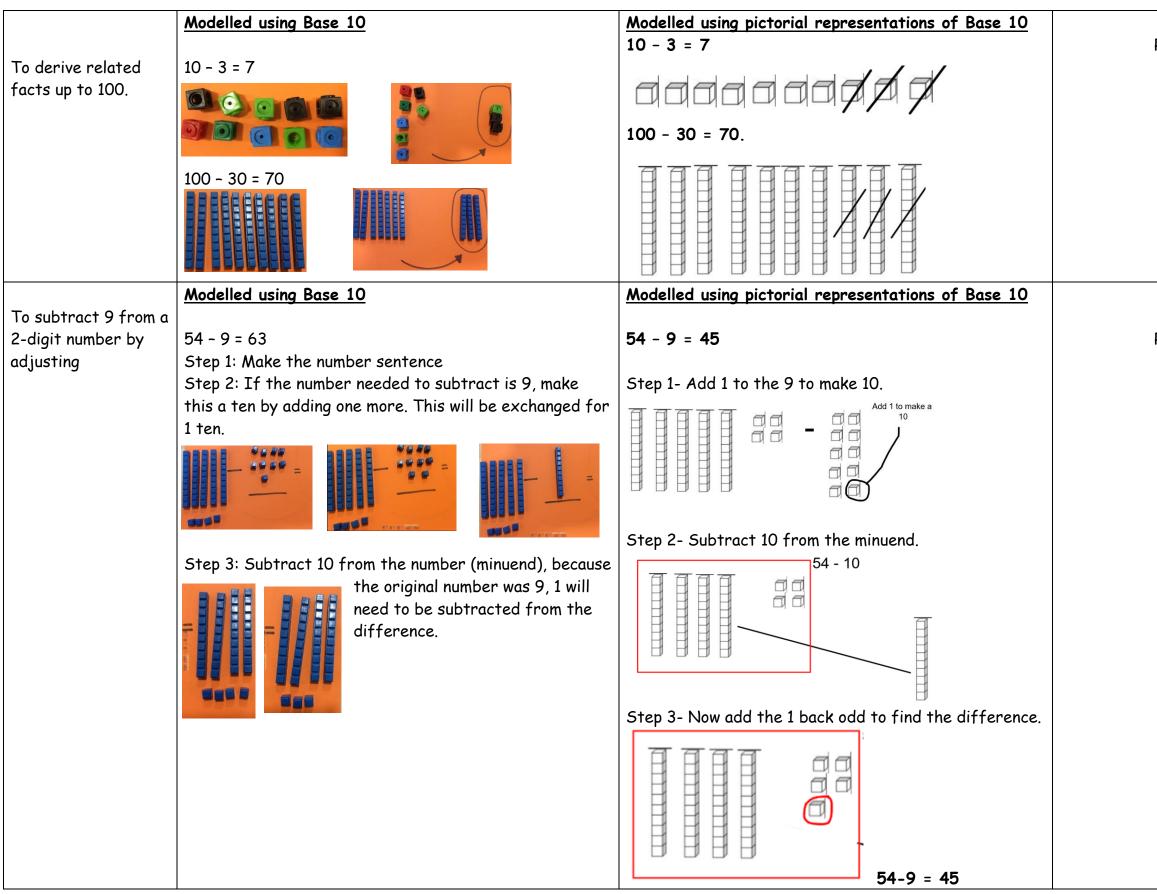
Record as a written calculation.

80 - 30 = 50

Record as a written calculation.

58 - 20 = 28







Record as a written calculation.

$$10 - 3 = 7$$

10 - 30 = 70.

Record as a written calculation.

54 - 9 = 45



<u>Year 3</u>

Key Vocabulary: subtract, take away, difference between, how many are left/ left over? How many are gone?, one less, two less, ten less, hundred less. How many fewer is...than...? How much less is...? tens boundary, hundreds boundary, minuend, subtrahend, difference.

Counting fluency: To count forwards and backwards in steps of 2s, 3s, 4s, 5s, 6s, 8s, 10s and 100s from any given number.

<u>Mental strategies</u>

Skill		Strategy
*Subtract a 3-digit number and ones, including crossing boundaries.	34 <u>5</u> - <u>3</u> 43 <u>2</u> - <u>8</u>	If the ones in the second number (subtrahend) can be taken from the first number (minuend) then subtract the If the ones in the subtrahend are more than the minuend then use partitioning to solve. For 432-8 you would par 432 <u>– 2</u> = 430 <u>–6</u> = 424.
*Subtract a 3- digit number and tens including crossing boundaries.	5 <u>5</u> 4- <u>4</u> 0 5 <u>4</u> 3- <u>7</u> 0	If the tens in the second number (subtrahend) can be taken from the first number (minuend) then subtract the to If the tens in the subtrahend are more than the minuend then use partitioning to solve. For 5 <u>4</u> 3- <u>7</u> 0 you would par then 543 - 40 = 503 - 30 = 473. Alternatively you could count back in steps of ten from the minuend.
*Subtract a 3-digit number and hundreds including crossing boundaries.	<u>7</u> 54- <u>4</u> 00	If the hundreds in the second number (subtrahend) can be taken from the first number (minuend) then subtract Alternatively you could count back in steps of one hundred from the minuend.
*Subtract ones from a 3-digit tens number.	3 <u>40</u> - <u>7</u>	Use knowledge of place value to solve. $10-3=7$ so $40-7=33$ then add on the 300. $340-7=333$
* Subtract a 2-digit number from a multiple of 10 including crossing boundaries	<u>90-27</u>	Use knowledge of place value and partitioning to solve. Partition 27 into $\underline{20}$ and $\underline{7}$ and subtract each part from 90. knowledge of number bonds that 10-7= 3 so 70 <u>-7</u> = 63 Or use the counting on method to find the difference. If I start with 27 and add 3 <u>I</u> get to 30 then I need to add 90-27= 63
Subtract a 2-digit number from a 2- digit number, including crossing	56-32	If the ones and tens can be subtracted without exchange then subtract by partitioning. 56-32 would be 50-30 = <u>20</u> recombine 20 and 4 to make <u>24</u> so 56-32=24.
boundaries.	45-27	If the ones in the second number (subtrahend) is more than the first number (minuend) then use partitioning to solve partition 27 into 20 and 7 first. Then subtract from the minuend. $45-20=25$ then $25-7=18$ so $45-27=18$ Or use the counting on method to find the difference. If I start with 27 and add <u>3</u> I get to 30 then I need to add then another <u>5</u> more to get to 45. I then recombine <u>3</u> with <u>10</u> with <u>5</u> so 45-27=18
*Subtract near multiples of 10 and 100 and adjust .	43- <u>9</u>	When subtracting 9 you would <u>subtract 10</u> (1 more than 9) from the minuend then <u>add 1</u> because 10 is actually one n $43-10=33+1=44$.
	543- <u>99</u>	When subtracting 99 you would <u>subtract 100</u> (1 more than 99) from the minuend then <u>add 1</u> because 100 is actually do 543- <u>100</u> =443 +1 = 444.



subtrahend ↓ 44 - 27 = 17 ↓ minuend difference

e ones only 34<u>5</u>-<u>3</u>= 34<u>2</u>. artition 8 into 2 and 6 then

tens 5<u>5</u>4-<u>4</u>0= 5<u>1</u>4 artition 70 into 40 and 30 and

t the hundreds <u>7</u>54-<u>4</u>00= <u>3</u>54

. 90<u>- 20</u>= 70 and use

d <u>60</u> more to get to 90 so

<u>20 and 6 - 2 = 4 then</u>

solve. For 45-27 you could

d <u>10</u> more to get to 40

more than 9. For 43-9, you would do

lly one more than 99. For 543-99, you would



Year 3 Calculation Methods

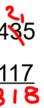
Objective & Strategy	Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract	
To subtract 2 and 3 digit numbers without	Use base 10 to make the number (minuend) then take away the ones, tens then the hundreds to find the difference.	Children draw pictorial representations to show the regrouping in order to find how many are left.	<u>Written Method</u> (expanded method) Partition each number then subtract the bottom number (minuend) from the top number (subtrahend), starting with	
exchange.	43 - 21 = 22 Tens Ones Tens Ones Tens Ones	43 - 21=22	the ones. 43-21 = 22 43 = 40 + 3 21 = 20 + 1 20 + 2 = 22 356 - 133 = 223 356 = 300 + 50 + 6 133 = 100 + 30 + 3 $2^{00} + 20 + 3 = 223$	
	356 - 133= 223	$ \begin{array}{c} 356 - 133 = \\ 223 \\ \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ \end{array} $	Formal Written Method43365(condensed method)Children begin to use a21133condensed columnar method of22232subtraction	
To subtract 2 and 3 digit numbers with exchange.	Use base 10 to make the number (minuend) then regroup by exchanging a ten for ten ones and a hundred for ten tens where necessary so that you can subtract the subtrahend. 45-29=16	Children draw pictorial representations to show the regrouping in order to find the difference. 45 - 29 = 16	Written Method (expanded) Partition each number then subtract the bottom number from the top, starting with the ones. Exchange tens for ones then recombine to find the solution.45 - 29435-117=318 $45 = \frac{30}{40} + \frac{15}{5}$ $435 = 400 + \frac{20}{30} + \frac{15}{5}$	
	Step 1: Make the minuend Step 2: Exchange 1 ten for 10 ones. Step 3: Subtract two tens and 9 ones. 435 - 117 = 318	435-117= 318 Step 1: Step 2: 435-117= 435-117= 435-117= 435-117= 435-117=	$45 = 40 + 5$ $\frac{29 = 20 + 9}{10 + 6} = 16$ $\frac{117 = 100 + 10 + 7}{300 + 10 + 8} = 318$ $\frac{10 + 6}{10 + 6} = 16$ $\frac{117 = 100 + 10 + 7}{300 + 10 + 8} = 318$ $\frac{100 + 6}{10 + 6} = 16$ $\frac{117 = 100 + 10 + 7}{300 + 10 + 8} = 318$	





	Averal Ten Cres Averals Ten Cres	Step 3:	
	Eter 1: Make the minuard	435-117= 3\8 hundreds tens ones	$\frac{29}{16}$ $\frac{1}{3}$
	Step 1: Make the minuend Step 2: Exchange 1 ten for 10 ones.		
	Step 3: Subtract one hundred,1 ten and 7 ones.		
		3 8	
	Use base money to make the number (minuend) then regroup by exchanging a ten for ten ones and a	the regrouping in order to find how many are	Formal written met Children complete s
To subtract amounts of	hundred for ten tens where necessary so that you can subtract to find the difference.	left, this can be in the form of a number line.	presented in word p place holders and k
money to give change.		Modelled using a number line.	under each other.
, 5 5	£5-2.72	Children start with the smallest number	
	Step 1: Make the Number	(subtrahend) and add to the nearest tenth, then	I go to the s
		nearest 1, until you reach the biggest number (minuend). Children will then need to add the	I spend £2.72 - how
		jumps to calculate the change.	£5.00- £2.72
	Step 2: Exchange		+8p +10p
		£5.00-£2.72=	£2.72 £2.80
		$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} f1.00\\ f1.0$	
		$(+8p)_{+10p}_{+10p}_{+10p}_{+10p}_{+10p}_{+100}_{$	
		£2.72 £2.80 £3.00 £4.00 £5.00 £2.28	
	Step 3: Subtract to solve		
	н Т О		
	2 . 2 1 2 8		

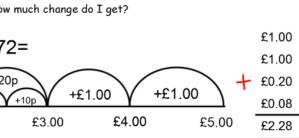




ethod

subtractions involving decimals which are problem format. They use zeros for know that decimal points should line up

shop with £5.00





<u>Year 4</u>

Key Vocabulary: subtract, take away, difference between, how many are left/ left over? How many are gone? One less, two less, ten less, hundred less. How many fewer is...than...? How much less is...? tens boundary, hundreds boundary, inverse, minuend, subtrahend, difference.

Counting fluency: To count backwards and forwards in steps of 2s, 3s, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s, 8s, 9s, 10s, 11s, 12s, 100s and 1000s from any given starting number.

Mental strategies

Skill		Strategy
*Subtract a 4-digit number and ones, including crossing boundaries.	334 <u>5</u> - <u>3</u> 243 <u>2</u> - <u>8</u>	If the ones in the second number (subtrahend) can be taken from the first number (minuend) then subtract the If the ones in the subtrahend are more than the minuend then use partitioning to solve. For 2432-8 you would p 2432 <u>- 2</u> = 430 <u>-6</u> = 2424.
*Subtract a 4- digit number and tens including crossing boundaries.	55 <u>5</u> 4- <u>4</u> 0 25 <u>4</u> 3- <u>7</u> 0	If the tens in the second number (subtrahend) can be taken from the first number (minuend) then subtract the If the tens in the subtrahend are more than the minuend then use partitioning to solve. For 25 <u>4</u> 3- <u>7</u> 0 you would p then 2543 - 40 = 2503 - 30 = 2473. Alternatively you could count back in steps of ten from the minuend.
*Subtract a 4-digit number and hundreds including crossing boundaries.	8 <u>7</u> 54- <u>4</u> 00 2 <u>5</u> 43- <u>7</u> 00	If the hundreds in the second number (subtrahend) can be taken from the first number (minuend) then subtract If the hundreds in the subtrahend are more than the minuend then use partitioning to solve. For 2 <u>5</u> 43- <u>7</u> 00 you we then 2543 - 500 = 2043 -200 =1843. Alternatively you could count back in steps of one hundred from the minuend.
*Subtract a 4-digit number and thousands including crossing boundaries.	<u>4</u> 527- <u>2</u> 00	0 If the thousands in the second number (subtrahend) can be taken from the first number (minuend) then subtrace Alternatively you could count back in steps of one thousand from the minuend.
*Subtract a 3-digit multiple of 10 from a 3-digit number.		If all the digits on the second number (subtrahend) can be subtracted then solve by portioning. For 345- <u>130,</u> you w then recombine 200+10+5=215 If all or some of the digits in the subtrahend are more than the minuend then use partitioning to solve. For 546-2
		<u>70</u> and so 546 <u>- 200</u> = 346 then <u>subtract 70</u> to get 276. OR using the counting up method. For 546-270, start with 270, <u>add 30</u> to get to 300 then <u>add 200</u> to get to 500 ⁻ 30+200+46= 276.
*Subtract a 3-digit multiple of 10 from a 4 or 4-digit number e.g. 4000-340.	k C	Jse knowledge of place value and partitioning to solve. Partition 27 into <u>20</u> and <u>7</u> and subtract each part from 200. knowledge of number bonds that 10-7= 3 so 180 <u>-7</u> = 173. Dr use the counting on method to find the difference. If I start with 27 and <u>add 3</u> , I get to 30 then I need to <u>add</u> nore to get to 200. I then recombine 3 and 70 and 100 so 200-27=173.
* Subtract a 2/3-digit number from a 3/2-digit number, including crossing boundaries.	237-24 432-171	If the ones and tens can be subtracted without exchange then subtract by partitioning. 237-24 would be 237-20= If the ones or tens in the second number (subtrahend) is more than the first number (minuend) then use partition partition 171 into <u>100</u> , <u>70</u> and <u>1</u> first. Then subtract from the minuend. 432 <u>-100</u> = 332 then 332 <u>-70</u> =262 then 263-1 Or use the counting on method to find the difference. If I start with 171 and <u>add 29</u> I get to 200 then I need to a then another 32_more to get to 432. I then recombine 29 with 200 with 32 to get 261 so 432-171=261



he ones only 334<u>5-3</u>= 334<u>2</u>. partition 8 into 2 and 6 then

e tens 55<u>5</u>4-<u>4</u>0= 55<u>1</u>4 I partition 70 into 40 and 30 and

ct the hundreds 8<u>7</u>54-<u>4</u>00= 8<u>3</u>54 would partition 700 into 500 and 200 and

act the thousands <u>4527-2000=2527</u>

would do 300<u>-100</u>=200, 40<u>-30</u>=10 and 5<u>-0</u>=5

-270, you would partition 270 in <u>200</u> and

0 then add 46 to get to 546. Then recombine

0. 200<u>- 20</u>= 180 and use

dd 70 more to get to 100 then another 100

0=217 and then subtract 4 = 213. oning to solve. For 242-171 you could -1=261 so 432-171=261 add 200 more to get to 400



*Subtract near multiples of 10, 100 and	543-2 <u>9</u>	When subtracting 29 you would subtract 30 (1 more than 29) from the minuend then add 1 because 30 is actua
100 then adjust.		would do 543-3 <u>0</u> =513+ <u>1</u> = 514
	543- 2 <u>99</u>	When subtracting 299 you would subtract 300 (1 more than 299) from the minuend then add 1 because 300 is
		you would do 543-3 <u>00</u> =243 +1 = 244.
	5437- 39 <u>99</u>	When subtracting 3999 you would subtract 4000 (1 more than 3999) from the minuend then add 1 because 40
		For 5437-3999, you would do 5437-4000=1437+1= 1438

Year 4 Calculation Methods

Objective & Strategy	Concrete	Pictorial	
To subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using a formal written method.	Use base 10 to make the number (minuend) then regroup by exchanging a ten for ten ones, a hundred for ten tens or a thousands for ten hundreds where necessary so that you can subtract the subtrahend. 2754-1568=1186 trousands hundreds tens ones Step 1: Make the minuend. Step 2: Exchange 1 ten for 10 ones.	Children draw pictorial representations to show the regrouping in order to find the difference. 2754 - 1568= 1186	Formal written meth Children use a conde examples with multip 2754-1568 = 1 2754-2754 - 1568 - 1568 1 8
	Use the place value counters to make the number	Children draw pictorial	Formal written meth
To subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using a formal written method, including decimals to two decimal places.	(minuend) then regroup by exchanging, where necessary: a thousand for ten hundreds, a hundred for ten tens, a ten for ten ones, a one for ten tenths and ten tenths for a hundredth so that you can subtract. TH H T O	representations to show the regrouping in order to find the difference. £1.45-28p=£1.17 - 	Children complete su presented in word pr holders and know the each other.
To subtract amounts of money to give change- adapted from year 3	£1.45-28p=£1.17 Step 1: Make the number Image: step 1 in the step 1 in the number Image: step 1 in the number	$\frac{1}{1 + 0.10 + 0.07 = 1.17}$	Bella spends 28p in She spends £1.45 c change will she rece



ually one more than 29. For 543-29, you

s actually one more than 299. For 543-299,

4000 is actually one more than 3999.

Abstract

<u>thod</u>

densed method of subtraction, including tiples exchanges.

1186





<u>thod</u>

subtractions involving decimals which are problem format. They use zeros for place that decimal points should line up under

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in the shop.
5 of her pocket money. How much
eceive?
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TH Step 2: Exchange *because you can't subtract 8 from 5. Children will need to exchange 10p for 10x1p.	H T O	-
Step 3: Subtract to solve	ones tenths hundred/hs Image: Second secon	



£1.45 - 28p £ 1.³#¹5 - . 2 8 £1.



<u>Year 5</u>

Key Vocabulary: subtract, take away, difference between, how many are left/ left over? How many are gone? One less, two less, ten less, hundred less. How many fewer is...than...? How much less is...? tens boundary, hundreds boundary, one boundary, tenths boundary, inverse, minuend, subtrahend, difference.

Counting Fluency: To count backwards and forwards in steps of 2s, 3s, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s, 8s, 9s, 10s, 11s, 12s, 100s and 1000s from any given starting number. Mental Strategies

Skill		Strategy		
*Subtract a 4/5-digit multiple of 5400-3900 100.		For large numbers use knowledge of place value to solve. For 5400-3900, make each number <u>100 times bigger</u> . 15×100=1500 so 5400-3900=1500. Or use the counting on method. For 5400-3900, start with 3900, add 100 to get to 4000 the anoth to get to 5400. Next recombine 100+1000+400= 1500 so 5400-3900=1500		
*Subtract near multiples of 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 then adjust, including crossing boundaries.	2335- <u>58</u> 2345- <u>297</u> 5438- <u>3995</u>	Subtract the nearest multiple of 10 (60) then add 2 because 58 is two more than 60233Subtract the nearest multiple of 100 (300) then add 3 because 300 is three more than 297234Add the nearest multiple of 1000 (4000) then add 5 because 4000 is five more than 3995543		
*Subtract tenths from a 1-digit whole number and tenths.	5.7-0.4 6.5-0.7	If the tenths in the second number (subtrahend) are smaller than the tenths in the first number (r separately 5.7 - 0 <u>.4</u> = 5.3 If the tenths in the second number (subtrahend) are larger than the tenths in the first number (m bonds to partition. For 6.5- 0.7, partition 0.7 into <u>0.5</u> and <u>0.2.</u> Then subtract <u>0.5</u> from 6.5 to get 6		
*Subtract two 1-digit whole numbers and tenths.	4.7- 2.5 6. <u>4</u> - 3. <u>7</u>	If the ones and tenths in the second number (subtrahend) are smaller than the ones and tenths in t the tenths and ones separately. For 4.7-2.5, subtract the ones 4-2= <u>2</u> and then the tenths 0.7-0.5= <u>0</u> If the tenths in the second number (subtrahend) are larger than the tenths in the first number (mi to solve. Make both numbers <u>ten times bigger</u> then calculate 64-37= 27. To adjust make your answ 6.4-3.7= 2.7		
*Subtract 2-digit numbers with tenths and hundredths.	0.46-0.23 0.76-0.59	If the ones, tenths and hundredths in the second number (subtrahend) are smaller than the ones a then subtract the hundredths, tenths and ones separately. For 0.46-0.23 subtract the ones 0-0=0, subtract the hundredths 0.06-0.03=0.03 then recombine 0+0.2+0.03= 0.23 If the tenths/ hundredths in the second number (subtrahend) are larger than the tenths/ hundred knowledge of place value to solve. Make both numbers 100 times bigger then calculate 76-59=17 Te smaller 17 ÷ 100 = 0.17 so 0.76-0.59=0.17		
*Subtract a 1-digit whole number and tenths from a whole number.	8-5.6	Use the counting on method to find the difference. If I start with 5.6 and <u>add 0.4</u> , I get to 6 then I I then recombine 0.4 and 2 so 8-5.6=2.4		



imes smaller and do 54-39=15 then make the

ther 1000 to get to 5000 then another 400

335-60= 2275-+2= 2277 345-<u>300</u>= 2045+<u>3</u>= 2048 38-4000= 1438+5= 1443

(minuend) then subtract the tenths and ones

ninuend) then use your knowledge of number then subtract <u>0.2</u> = 5.8 so 6.5-0.7= 5.8

the first number (minuend) then subtract 0.2 then recombine. 4.7-2.5=2.2 ninuend) use your knowledge of place value wer 10 times smaller 27 ÷ 10 = 2.7 so

and tenths in the first number (minuend) , subtract the tenths 0.4-0.2=<u>0.2</u> then

dths in the first number (minuend) use your o adjust make your answer 100 times

I need to <u>add 2</u> more to get to 8.



Year 5 Calculation Methods

Objective & Strategy		Concrete		Pictorial	
To subtract numbers with more than 4 digits.	Use the place value counters to make the number (minuend) then t regroup by exchanging, <u>where necessary</u> : a thousand for ten hundreds, th a hundred for ten tens, a ten for ten ones, a one for ten tenths and ten		Children draw pictorial representations to show the regrouping in order to find how many are left. 31,356 - 2,128 = 29,228	Formal wr Children u including 1 31,356 -	
	31,356 - 2,128 = 29 , Step 1- Make the numb	Ten Thousands Thou	usands Hundreds Tens Ones	TTh Th H T 0 000 0 000 000 0000000000000000000	
	value	r<u>e necessary</u> s tarti	ng with the smallest place	000000 000000	
	Ten Thousands Thousands	Hundreds Tens	Ones		
	Step 3- Subtract to solve.				
	Ten Thousands Thousands	Hundreds Tens	Ones		

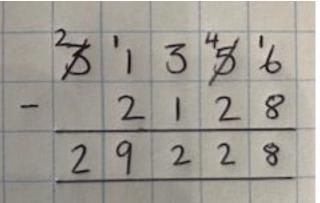


Abstract

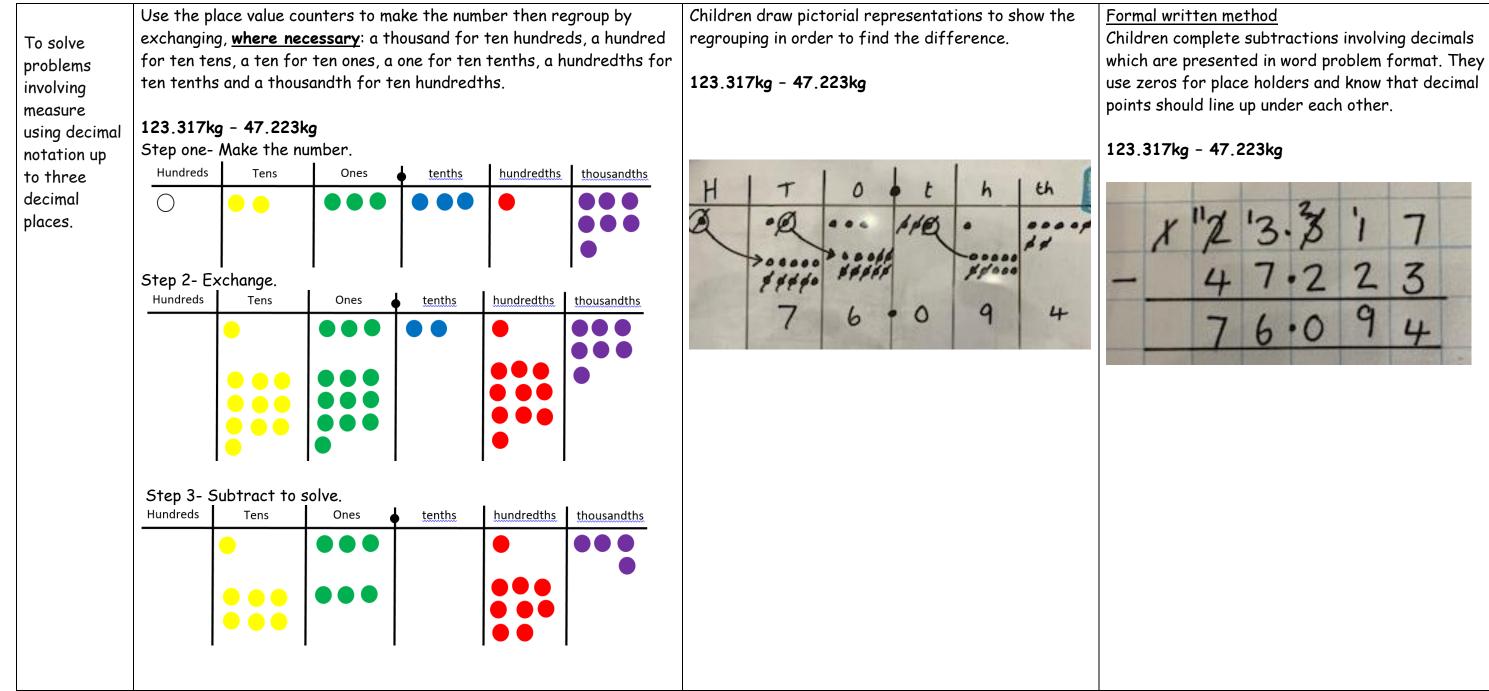
<u>written method</u>

n use a condensed method of subtraction ig those with different numbers of digits.

- 2,128 = 29,228











<u>Year 6</u>

Key Vocabulary: subtract, take away, difference between, how many are left/ left over? How many are gone?, one less, two less, ten less, hundred less. How many fewer is...than...? How much less is...? tens boundary, hundreds boundary, one boundary, tenths boundary, inverse, minuend, subtrahend, difference.

Counting Fluency: To consolidate counting backwards and forwards in steps of 2s, 3s, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s, 8s, 9s, 10s, 11s, 12s, 100s, 1000s and 10,000s from any starting number.

Year 6 Mental Strategies

Skill		Strategy
		Reconsolidate all strategies from Y4 and 5.
*Subtract large numbers.	53,765-3330	For large numbers use partitioning to solve. For 53,765-3330, partition the subtrahend into each part. 53,765-3000=50,765 then subtract 300 = 50, 465 the subtract 30= 50,435
*Subtract near multiples of 0.01, 0.1, 10, 100, 1000 then adjust, including crossing boundaries.	6.7 - 3.8 4.92- 2.96	Subtract the nearest whole number (4) then <u>add 0.2</u> because 4 is actually 0.2 more than 3.8 Subtract the nearest whole number (3) then <u>add 0.04</u> because 3 is actually 0.04 more than 3
*Subtract decimals with different numbers of places.	0.45-0.3	Subtract by partitioning using your knowledge of place value. First subtract the ones $0 - 0$ = then the hundredths $0.05-0.00=0.05$ Then recombine $0 + 0.1 + 0.05= 0.15$ or use knowledge of place value to solve. Make each number <u>100 times bigger</u> and subtract. 4 <u>times smaller</u> . 15÷100=1.5 so 0.45-0.3=1.5
*Subtract any number with up to three decimal places from a whole number.	4-0.34 14-0.432	Use the counting on method and knowledge of place value to find the difference. If I start w need to <u>add 3</u> more to get to 4. I then recombine 0.66 and 3 so 4-0.34=3.66 Use the counting on method and knowledge of place value to find the difference. If I start w need to <u>add 13</u> more to get to 14. I then recombine 0.568 and 13 so 14-0.432=13.568



to 3000 and 300 and 30 and subtract

.8 so 6.7<u>- 4</u>=2.7 <u>+0.2</u>= 2.9 n 2.96 so 4.92-3= 1.92+0.04= 1.96

= 0, then the tenths 0.4 - 0.3 = 0.1

45-30=15 then make the solution <u>100</u>

with 0.34 and add 0.66, I get to 1 then I

with 0.432 and add 0.568, I get to 1 then

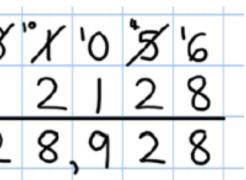


Year 6 Calculation Methods

Objective & Strategy	Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract	
To subtract numbers with increasingly large and	Use the place value counters to make the number (minuend) then regroup by exchanging, where necessary: a thousand for ten hundreds, a hundred for ten tens, a ten for ten ones, a one for ten tenths and ten tenths for a hundredth so that you can subtract. 31056 - 2128 = 28,928 Step 1- Make the number	Children draw pictorial representations to show the regrouping in order to find how many are left. 31,356 - 2,128 = 29,228	<u>Formal written method</u> Children use a condensed method of subtra including those with different numbers of c 31056 - 2128 = 28,928	
complex numbers.	Step 3- Subtract to solve. <u>hundred</u> ten ones <u>ten tousands hundreds tens ones <u>ten tousands hundreds tens ones <u>ten tousands hundreds tens ones <u>ten tousands hundreds tens ones <u>ten tousands hundreds tens ones <u>ten tousands hundreds tens ones <u>ten tousands hundreds tens ones </u> <u>ten tousands tens ones </u> </u></u></u></u></u></u>	TTh Th H T 000 0 000 000 000000 000000 0000 00	- 2128 - 28,928	
To solve problems involving the conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to 3 decimal places.	Use the place value counters to make the number then regroup by exchanging, where necessary: a thousand for ten hundreds, a hundred for ten tens, a ten for ten ones, a one for ten tenths, a hundredths for ten tenths and a thousandth for ten hundredths. 105.419 kg - 36080g As this is a mixed measure problem, children would first convert so they are working with the same unit. 105.419kg - 36.080kg Step one- Make the number. Step 2- Exchange. hundreds tens ones tenths hundredth to solve. hundreds tens ones tenths hundredth to solve.	Children draw pictorial representations to show the regrouping in order to find the difference. 123.317kg - 47.223kg	Formal written methodChildren complete subtractions involving de which are presented in word problem formation zeros for place holders and know that decir should line up under each other. They convert measures so that they are working with the 105.419 kg - 36080g would convert into 105.419kg - 36.080kg $105.419 \text{ kg} - 36080g \text{ would convert into}$ $105.419 \text{ kg} - 36.080 \text{ kg}$ $105.419 \text{ kg} - 36.080 \text{ kg}$ $105.419 \text{ kg} - 36.080 \text{ kg}$	



raction [:] digits.



decimals mat. They use cimal points vert he same unit.



